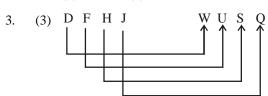
SSC CGL - 170724 GRAND TEST

HINTS AND SOLUTIONS

ANSWER KEY

1	(4)	26	(4)	51	(3)	76	(3)
2	(2)	27	(1)	52	(3)	77	(2)
3	(3)	28	(2)	53	(1)	78	(1)
4	(2)	29	(2)	54	(2)	79	(4)
5	(3)	30	(2)	55	(3)	80	(4)
6	(3)	31	(3)	56	(2)	81	(3)
7	(1)	32	(1)	57	(4)	82	(1)
8	(4)	33	(1)	58	(4)	83	(2)
9	(2)	34	(4)	59	(1)	84	(3)
10	(4)	35	(3)	60	(4)	85	(1)
11	(4)	36	(2)	61	(1)	86	(1)
12	(3)	37	(3)	62	(4)	87	(1)
13	(1)	38	(2)	63	(4)	88	(2)
14	(3)	39	(4)	64	(4)	89	(3)
15	(3)	40	(4)	65	(1)	90	(1)
16	(4)	41	(4)	66	(2)	91	(1)
17	(3)	42	(4)	67	(4)	92	(1)
18	(2)	43	(2)	68	(4)	93	(4)
19	(4)	44	(3)	69	(3)	94	(1)
20	(2)	45	(3)	70	(1)	95	(4)
21	(2)	46	(1)	71	(1)	96	(4)
22	(3)	47	(3)	72	(1)	97	(1)
23	(4)	48	(2)	73	(2)	98	(4)
24	(1)	49	(2)	74	(3)	99	(2)
25	(4)	50	(4)	75	(1)	100	(4)

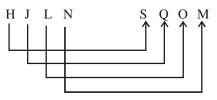
- 1. (4) Only conclusion II follows. It was expected that crop condition wold improve after the rains.
- 2. (2) The position of Y from the right end of the English alphabetical series is 2 and that of V is 5. $(2)^2 = 4$ and $(5)^2 = 25$.



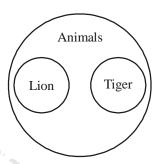
Pairs of opposite letters.

Similarly,

1



- 4. (2) Entomology is that branch of science which deals with insects. Similarly, the scientific study of snakes is called ophiology.
- 5. (3) Tiger is different from lion. But both are animals.



6. (3) First Column $(2 \times 4) + (4 \times 6)$ $\Rightarrow 8 + 24 = 32$ Second Column $(3 \times 5) + (5 \times 7)$ $\Rightarrow 15 + 35 = 50$ Third Column $(8 \times 10) + (10 \times 12)$

Third Column $(8 \times 10) + (10 \times 1)$ $\Rightarrow 80 + 120 = 200.$ 7. (1) First Row $4 \times 3 \times 2 + 8$

7. (1) First Row $4 \times 3 \times 2 + 8$ $\Rightarrow 24 + 8 = 32$ Second Row $5 \times 3 \times 1 + 9$ $\Rightarrow 15 + 9 = 24$ Third Row $7 \times 3 \times 3 + 7$ $\Rightarrow 63 + 7 = 70$ Fourth Row $2 \times 9 \times 4 + 12$ $\Rightarrow 72 + 12 = 84$.

8. (4) $5 = 2^2 + 1$ $10 = 3^2 + 1$ $26 = 5^2 + 1$ $50 = 7^2 + 1$ $122 = 11^2 + 1$

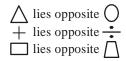


10. (4)

9.

(2)

- 11. (4) B R \overline{O} W N / B \overline{R} O \overline{W} N / B
- 12. (3) When paper is folded in the form of a cube, then





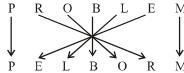
- 14. (3) 36 2 = 3434 - 4 = 3030 - 2 = 2828 - 4 = 2424 - 2 = 22
- 15. (3) North → East South 25 km

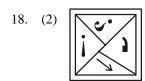
Required distance AD = (25 + 5) km = 30 km.

16. (4) Difference between the ratios of Ann = 5 - 2 = 3 $: 3 \Rightarrow 21$

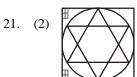
$$1 : 1 = \frac{21}{3} = 7$$

Similarly,





- (4) Except Bristol, all others are cities of Switzerland. 19. Berne is the capital of Switzerland.
- (2) $34-30 \Rightarrow (3+4)-(3+0) \Rightarrow 7-3=4$. 20. $44 - 31 \Rightarrow (4 + 4) - (3 + 1) \Rightarrow 8 - 4 = 4.$ $61 - 12 \Rightarrow (6 + 1) - (1 + 2) \Rightarrow 7 - 3 = 4.$ $25 - 21 \Rightarrow (2 + 5) - (2 + 1) \Rightarrow 7 - 3 = 4$.



There is no 'A' letter in the given word. Therefore, the 22. (3) word SITUATION cannot be formed.

> $DISTRIBUTION \Rightarrow DISTURB$ $DISTRIBUTION \Rightarrow TUTION$

 $DISTRIBUTION \Rightarrow TRUST$

23. (4) There are no 'C' and 'O' letters in the given word. Therefor word DOCTOR cannot be formed.

S U P E R I N T E N D E N T ⇒ I N T E N S E

 $SUPERINTENDENT \Rightarrow NURSE$

 $SUPERIINTENDENT \Rightarrow DENTIST$

- 24. (1) Arrangement of words as per dictionary:
 - 3. Conscience

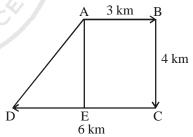
2. Consciousness

5. Consequence

4. Conservation



1. Consume



AD =
$$\sqrt{(AE)^2 + (DE)^2}$$

= $\sqrt{(4)^2 + (3)^2} = \sqrt{16 + 9} = \sqrt{25} = 5 \text{ km}.$

51. (3) $A + B = 90^{\circ} \Rightarrow A = 90^{\circ} - B$ \Rightarrow sin A = sin (90° – B) = cos B Similarly, \Rightarrow cos A = sin B, tan A = cot B

 \therefore sin A · cos B + cos A · sin B

 $-\tan A \cdot \tan B + \sec^2 A - \cot^2 B$

 $=\cos^2 B + \sin^2 B - \cot B$. $\tan B + \sec^2 A - \tan^2 A$ = 1 - 1 + 1 = 1

 $[\because \tan B \cdot \cot B = 1, \sec^2 A - \tan^2 A = 1]$

52. (3) $4x = \sec$

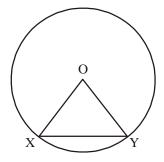
$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{\sec \theta}{4}$$

Again,
$$\frac{4}{x} = \tan \theta \Rightarrow \frac{1}{x} = \frac{\tan \theta}{4}$$

$$\therefore 8\left(x^2 - \frac{1}{x^2}\right) = 8\left(\frac{\sec^2 \theta}{16} - \frac{\tan^2 \theta}{16}\right)$$

$$= \frac{8}{16} \left(\sec^2 \theta - \tan^2 \theta \right) = \frac{1}{2}$$

53. (1)



$$\angle XOY = 90^{\circ}$$
; $OX = OY = radius(r)$

 \therefore \triangle XOY is a right angled triangle.

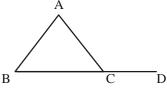
$$\therefore \frac{1}{2} \times (OX) \times (OY) = 32$$

$$\Rightarrow r^2 = 2 \times 32 = 64$$

$$\therefore r = \sqrt{64} = 8$$

 \therefore Area of circle = $\pi r^2 = 64\pi$ sq. units.

54. (2)



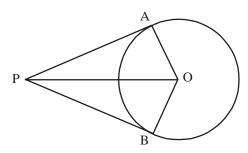
$$\angle ACD = \angle ABC + \angle BAC$$

$$\Rightarrow 108^{\circ} = \frac{\angle A}{2} + \angle A$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3\angle A}{2} = 108^{\circ}$$

$$\Rightarrow \angle A = \frac{108 \times 2}{3} = 72^{\circ}$$

55. (3)



In right Δs OAP and OPB. AP = PB, OA = OB, OP = OP

$$\therefore \Delta OAP = \Delta OPB$$

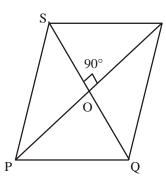
$$\therefore \angle AOP = \angle POB \text{ and } \angle APO = \angle OPB$$

From $\triangle AOP$,

$$\angle APO = 180^{\circ} - 90^{\circ} - 60^{\circ} = 30^{\circ}$$

$$\angle APB = 2 \times 30^{\circ} = 60^{\circ}$$

56. (2)



$$\angle PQO = \frac{1}{2}PQR = 60^{\circ}$$

From $\triangle POQ$, $\angle OPQ = 180^{\circ} - 90^{\circ} - 60^{\circ} = 30^{\circ}$

$$\sin OPQ = \frac{OQ}{PQ}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 OQ = PQ $\sin 30^\circ = 6 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3$

:
$$OS = 2 \times 3 = 6 \text{ m}$$
.

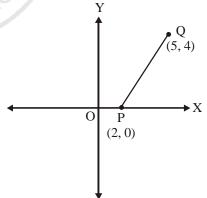
:. QS = $2 \times 3 = 6$ m. The sum of any two sides of a triangle is greater than third side and their difference is less than third side.

$$\therefore a+4>10 \Rightarrow a>10-4 \Rightarrow a>6$$

Again,
$$a-4 < 10 \Rightarrow a < 14$$

$$\therefore 6 < a < 14$$

58. (4)



$$PQ = \sqrt{(5-2)^2 + (4-0)^2} = \sqrt{9+16} = 5$$

 \therefore Area of circle = $\pi r^2 = 25\pi$ sq. units.

59. (1)
$$x + \frac{1}{x} = 3$$

On sqaring,
$$\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^2 = 9$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} = 9 - 2 = 7$

Again,
$$\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^3 = 27$$

$$\Rightarrow x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3} + 3\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right) = 27$$

$$\Rightarrow x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3} = 27 - 3 \times 3 = 18$$

$$\therefore \left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right) \left(x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3}\right) = 7 \times 18$$

$$\Rightarrow x^5 + \frac{1}{x^5} + \left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right) = 126$$

$$\Rightarrow x^5 + \frac{1}{x^5} = 126 - 3 = 123$$

$$BD = DC = AD$$

$$\angle BAD = 30^{\circ}$$

(4) 60.

From $\triangle ABD$, $\angle BAD = 30^{\circ}$

$$\therefore \angle ADB = \angle BAD = 30^{\circ}$$

$$\therefore \angle ADB = 180^{\circ} - 2 \times 30^{\circ} = 120^{\circ}$$

$$\therefore \angle ADC = 180^{\circ} - 120^{\circ} = 60^{\circ}$$

$$\therefore$$
 AD = DC

$$\Rightarrow \angle DAC = \angle ACD = 60^{\circ}$$

61. (1)
$$\sqrt{6} \times \sqrt{15} = x\sqrt{10}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{2} \times 3 \times \sqrt{3} \times 5 = x\sqrt{10}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{5} \times 3 = x\sqrt{10}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3\sqrt{10} = x\sqrt{10}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 3$$

(4) Sum of the present ages of four boys $= 9 \times 4 + 20 = 56$ years Sum of the present ages of five boys

 $= 15 \times 5 = 75$ years.

 \therefore Present age of new boy = 75 - 56 = 19 years.

(4) If the weight of a piece of diamond be 6x units, then

Original price $\alpha(6x)^2 = 36kx^2$

$$\therefore 36.kx^2 = 5184$$

Again, New price
$$= k(x^2 + 4x^2 + 9x^2) = 14kx^2$$

= $\frac{14 \times 5184}{36} = Rs.2016$

$$\therefore$$
 Loss = 5184 - 2016 = Rs.3168

(4) Part of the tank filled by both pipes in two hours

$$=2\left(\frac{1}{8}+\frac{1}{6}\right)=2\left(\frac{3+4}{24}\right)=\frac{7}{12}$$

Remaining part =
$$1 - \frac{7}{12} = \frac{5}{12}$$

Time taken by B in filling the remaining part

$$=\frac{5}{12}\times 6=\frac{5}{2}=2\frac{1}{2}$$
 hours

65. (1)
$$a^{3} + b^{3} + c^{3} - 3abc$$

$$= (a + b + c) (a^{2} + b^{2} + c^{2} - ab - bc - ac)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (a + b + c) (2a^{2} + 2b^{2} + 2c^{2} - 2ab - 2bc - 2ac)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (a + b + c) [(a - b)^{2} + (b - c)^{2} + (c - a)^{2}]$$

$$\therefore \frac{a^{3} + b^{3} + c^{3} - 3abc}{a + b + c} = \frac{1}{2} [(a - b)^{2} + (b - c)^{2} + (c - a)^{2}]$$

$$\frac{1}{a+b+c} = \frac{1}{2} [(a-b) + (b-c) + (c-a)]$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}(9+25+1)=\frac{35}{2}=17.5$$

66. (2) Interest = 5700 - 5000 = Rs.700

$$\therefore \text{ Rate} = \frac{700 \times 100}{5000 \times 1} = 14\%$$

Case II, Interest
$$= \frac{\text{Principal} \times \text{Time} \times \text{Rate}}{100}$$
$$= \frac{7000 \times 5 \times 14}{100} = \text{Rs.4900}$$

Amount =
$$7000 + 4900 = Rs.11900$$

67. (4) Effective profit percent =
$$\left(20 + 25 + \frac{20 \times 25}{100}\right) = 50\%$$

$$\therefore \text{ Original cost price} = \frac{100}{150} \times 1200 = \text{Rs. } 800$$

68. (4) Required nmber =
$$\frac{80 \times 120}{100} = 96$$

$$AB = tree$$

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$$\therefore$$
 BC = CD

$$AD = 30 \text{ metre}$$

From
$$\triangle ACD$$
, $\tan 30^{\circ} = \frac{AC}{AD}$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 AC = AD $\times \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{30}{3} = 10\sqrt{3}$ metre

$$CD = AC \sin 30^{\circ} = 10\sqrt{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = 5\sqrt{3} = BC$$

:. AB = AC + BC =
$$10\sqrt{3} + 5\sqrt{3} = 15\sqrt{3}$$
 metre

70. (1)
$$\cos A = 1 - \cos^2 A = \sin^2 A$$

 $\therefore \sin^2 A + \sin^4 A = \sin^2 A + \cos^2 A = 1$

71. (1) Required percentage increase

$$=\frac{40-30}{30}\times100=\frac{100}{3}=33\frac{1}{3}\%$$

- 72. (1) Income of company in 2002 = Rs. 40 lakhs Expenditure of company in 2003 = Rs. 40 lakhs.
- 73. (2) Profit of company in 2004 = Rs. 25 lakhs
- 74. (3) Required difference = 20 10 = Rs. 10 lakhs.
- 75. (1) Average income of company

$$=\frac{30+50+40+60+60}{5}=\frac{240}{5}=$$
Rs. 48 lakhs

The incomes of company in years 2001, 2003 and 2004 were greater than Rs. 48 lakhs.

- 76. (3) Here, to provide evidence/ as a witness should be used.
- 77. (2) Here, it is a preposition related error. Hence, at her should be used here.
- 79. (4) **Combat** = to stop something unpleasant or harmful from happening.

5



- 80. (4) **Deal with** = to be about something. Her poems often deal with the subject of death.
- 81. (3) The word **Invoice** (**Noun**) means: list of goods that have been sold; bill; statement.
- 82. (1) The word **Ameliorate (Verb)** means: to make something better; improve.

 Look at the sentence: Government should take steps

Look at the sentence : Government should take steps to ameliorate the situation.

- 83. (2) The word **Amorphous** (**Adjective**) means shapeless; irregular, having no definite shape.
- 84. (3) The word **Unitary** (**Adjeceive**) means: single; forming one unit.

Multiple = many in number.

- 85. (1) The word **Adulteration (Noun)** means: making impure by mixing; contamination.

 The word **Purification (Noun)** means: making something pure by removing substances that are dirty, harmful.
- 86. (1) **Rule the roost** = to be the most powerful member of a group.
- 87. (1) **Eat humble pie** = to say and show that you are sorry for a mistake that you made.
- 88. (2) Here, even in a little quantity should be used. To use plural form is not proper.
- 89. (3) Conditional sentence is in Past Simple. Hence would you take should be used.
- 90. (1) Here, generality is evident. Hence, Present Simple should be used.
- 93. (4) **Saccharine** = sentimental.
- 94. (1) **Revolutionize** = to completely change the way that something is done.
- 95. (4) **Dysentery** = an infection of the bowels that causes severe diarrhoea with loss of blood.